

## Listing of Claims

1-33. (Cancelled).

1       34. (Original) A method for enabling vaccination of a patient against infectious diseases,  
2       comprising the steps of:

- 3             a) treating hookworm infection to a degree sufficient to increase lymphocyte  
4             proliferation; and
- 5             b) vaccinating said patient against said infectious disease.

1       35. (Original) The method of claim 34 wherein said infectious disease is selected from the group  
2       consisting of HIV, tuberculosis, malaria, measles, tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis, and polio.

1       36. (Original) A method for enabling hookworm vaccination, comprising the steps of:  
2             a) chemically treating a hookworm infected patient to ameliorate hookworm infection;  
3             and  
4             b) vaccinating said patient with a recombinant or synthetic antigen or fragment thereof  
5       derived from hookworm after amelioration of hookworm infection.

37-97. (Cancelled)

1       98. (Previously presented) A composition comprising:  
2             a cocktail of recombinant or synthetic antigens derived from hookworm, and,  
3             a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1       99. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 98, wherein said composition comprises at  
2       least one larval stage antigen and at least one adult stage antigen.

1        100. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 98, wherein said antigen is ASP-1, ASP-2,  
2        MTP-1, 103 (SAA), 16, GST or an antigen having at least 80% homology therewith.

1        101. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 98, wherein said antigen is selected from  
2        the group consisting of GST, CP-2, APR-1, APR-2, MEP-1, TMP or an antigen having at least  
3        80% homology therewith.

1        102. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 98, wherein a species of said hookworm is  
2        selected from the group consisting of *Necator americanus*, *Ancylostoma caninum*, *Ancylostoma*  
3        *ceylanicum*, and *Ancylostoma duodenale*.

1        103. (Previously presented) A method of vaccinating or eliciting an immune response to  
2        hookworm in a mammal, comprising the step of,  
3                administering to said mammal an effective amount of a composition comprising  
4                a recombinant or synthetic antigen derived from hookworm, and  
5                a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1        104. (Previously presented) The method of claim 103 wherein said composition includes  
2                a cocktail of recombinant or synthetic antigens derived from hookworm, and,  
3                a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1        105. (Previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein said composition comprises at  
2        least one larval stage antigen and at least one adult stage antigen.

1        106. (Previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein said antigen is ASP-1, ASP-2,  
2        MTP-1, 103 (SAA), 16, GST, or an antigen having at least 80% homology therewith.

1       107. (Previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein said antigen is selected from the  
2       group consisting of GST, CP-2, APR-1, APR-2, MEP-1, TMP, or an antigen having at least 80%  
3       homology therewith..

1       108. (Previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein a species of said hookworm is  
2       selected from the group consisting of *Necator americanus*, *Ancylostoma caninum*, *Ancylostoma*  
3       *ceylanicum*, and *Ancylostoma duodenale*.

1       109. (Previously presented) The method of claim 103, further comprising the step of chemically  
2       treating a hookworm- infected patient prior to said step of administering.

1       110. (Previously presented) A method of reducing blood loss in a patient infected with  
2       hookworm, comprising the step of  
3              administering to said patient an effective amount of a composition comprising  
4              a recombinant or synthetic antigen derived from hookworm, and  
5              a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1       111. (Previously presented) The method of claim 110 wherein said composition includes  
2              a cocktail of recombinant or synthetic antigens derived from hookworm, and,  
3              a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1       112. (Previously presented) The method of claim 110, wherein said composition comprises at  
2       least one larval stage antigen and at least one adult stage antigen.

1       113. (Previously presented) The method of claim 110, wherein said antigen is ASP-1, ASP-2,  
2       MTP-1, 103 (SAA), 16, GST, or an antigen having at least 80% homology therewith.

1       114. (Previously presented) The method of claim 110, wherein said antigen is selected from the  
2       group consisting of GST, CP-2, APR-1, APR-2, MEP-1, TMP, or an antigen having at least 80%  
3       homology therewith.

1       115. (Previously presented) The method of claim 110, wherein a species of said hookworm is  
2       selected from the group consisting of *Necator americanus*, *Ancylostoma caninum*, *Ancylostoma*  
3       *ceylanicum*, and *Ancylostoma duodenale*.

1       116. (Previously presented) The method of claim 110, further comprising the step of chemically  
2       treating a hookworm- infected patient prior to said step of administering.

1       117. (Previously presented) A method of reducing hookworm size, or quantitative egg count or  
2       hookworm burden in a patient infected with hookworm, comprising the step of  
3       administering to said mammal an effective amount of a composition comprising  
4              a recombinant or synthetic antigen derived from hookworm, and  
5              a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1       118. (Previously presented) The method of claim 117 wherein said composition includes  
2              a cocktail of recombinant or synthetic antigens derived from hookworm, and,  
3              a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1       119. (Previously presented) The method of claim 117, wherein said composition comprises at  
2       least one larval stage antigen and at least one adult stage antigen.

1       120. (Previously presented) The method of claim 117, wherein said antigen is ASP-1, ASP-2,  
2       MTP-1, 103, 16, GST, or an antigen having at least 80% homology therewith.

1        121. (Previously presented) The method of claim 117, wherein said antigen is selected from the  
2        group consisting of GST, CP-2, APR-1, APR-2, MEP-1, TMP, or an antigen having at least 80%  
3        homology therewith..

1        122. (Previously presented) The method of claim 117, wherein a species of said hookworm is  
2        selected from the group consisting of *Necator americanus*, *Ancylostoma caninum*, *Ancylostoma*  
3        *ceylanicum*, and *Ancylostoma duodenale*.

1        123. (Previously presented) The method of claim 117, further comprising the step of chemically  
2        treating a hookworm- infected patient prior to said step of administering.

1        124. (Previously presented) A method of decreasing L3 migration across skin of a mammal,  
2        comprising the step of  
3                administering to said mammal an effective amount of a composition comprising  
4                a recombinant or synthetic antigen derived from hookworm, and  
5                a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1        125. (Previously presented) The method of claim 124 wherein said composition includes  
2                a cocktail of recombinant or synthetic antigens derived from hookworm, and,  
3                a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1        126. (Previously presented) The method of claim 124, wherein said composition comprises at  
2        least one larval stage antigen and at least one adult stage antigen.

1        127. (Previously presented) The method of claim 124, wherein said antigen is ASP-1, ASP-2,  
2        MTP-1, 103 (SAA), 16, GST, or an antigen having at least 80% homology therewith.

1       128. (Previously presented) The method of claim 124, wherein said antigen is selected from the  
2       group consisting of GST, CP-2, APR-1, APR-2, MEP-1, TMP, or an antigen having at least 80%  
3       homology therewith.

1       129. (Previously presented) The method of claim 124, wherein a species of said hookworm is  
2       selected from the group consisting of *Necator americanus*, *Ancylostoma caninum*, *Ancylostoma*  
3       *ceylanicum*, and *Ancylostoma duodenale*.

1       130. (Previously presented) The method of claim 124, further comprising the step of chemically  
2       treating a hookworm- infected patient prior to said step of administering.

1       131. (Previously presented) A nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO: 76.

1       132. (Previously presented) An amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO: 77.

1       133. (New) A composition comprising,  
2              recombinant or synthetic APR-1 antigen,  
3              an adjuvant, and  
4              a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.

1       134. (New) The composition of claim 98, wherein said composition comprises APR-1 antigen  
2       and an adjuvant.

1       135.(New) The method of claim 103, wherein said recombinant of synthetic antigen is APR-1,  
2       and said composition further comprises an adjuvant.

1       136. (New) The method of claim 110, wherein said recombinant of synthetic antigen is APR-1,  
2       and said composition further comprises an adjuvant.

1       137. (New) The method of claim 117, wherein said recombinant of synthetic antigen is APR-1,  
2       and said composition further comprises an adjuvant.